

Oaxaca, Mexico: Highlands to the Coast

July 18-27, 2021

Tour leaders: Adam Sell with Jorge Montejo and Amy McAndrews

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Oaxaca is known as Mexico's birdiest state with nearly 800 species documented and is widely considered the culinary crown of the country. Oaxaca's rugged landscape and merging of ecosystems leads not only to avian diversity, but a high level of endemism. On this trip alone, we had the pleasure of seeing over thirty of Mexico's endemic species! Our trip took us through a large variety of habitats from epiphyte-laden pine-oak highlands above the Oaxaca valley to the humid coastal forests near Huatulco. Every day with filled with wonderful birds, breathtaking scenery and incredible meals. After checklists in the evening were complete, it was not uncommon to discuss everyone's favorite birds *and* food on the day! A huge thank you to Amy and Jorge for being wonderful guides, and for Ramon's boundless energy as our driver. Eric Antonio Martinez of Birding Mexico was most helpful in getting this tour off the ground in the last minute and helping create this wonderful itinerary. Red Hill Birding is already looking forward to the next visit to Oaxaca with great anticipation!

Top 5 Birds as Voted by the Group

- 1. Bumblebee Hummingbird
- 2. Fulvous Owl
- 3. (tie) Orange-breasted Bunting, Pale-billed Woodpecker, Red Warbler and Dwarf Jay
- 4. Galapagos Shearwater
- 5. Rose-bellied Bunting



Bumblebee Hummingbird – photo by Adam Sell

Day 1 – July 18

This was an arrival day for the group. After picking everyone up at the airport and transferring to the wonderful Hotel Mision de Los Ángeles, it was rather late. After a small orientation for the upcoming trip, it was time to rest from travel and prep for the first day out birding the Oaxacan Valley.

Day 2 - July 19

We began making our way to Teotilán de Valle in the morning, with a dawn stop on the road to town which gave us a taste of the common birds of the valley, including **Vermillion Flycatcher**, **Blue Grosbeak**, and the endemic **White-throated Towhee**. Farther up, we also had a single **Boucard's Wren** and a distant pair of **Gray-breasted Woodpeckers**. Passing through the town, we stopped at a small lake before heading into the pine-oak foothills. We had our only **Least Grebe** and **Kildeer** on the water, but a singing **Berylline Hummingbird** stole our attention. Up slope, we got a pair of **West Mexican Chachalacas** in the scope and a singing **Cinnamon-rumped Seedeater** gave great views.

Making our way up into the foothills, the birds kept coming as the habitat changed to more dense oak scrub. We had great looks at some endemics to the region including Pileated Flycatcher, Blue Mockingbird, Bridled and Oaxaca Sparrow, and Black-vented Oriole. Other highlights include Greenish Elaenia, Rufous-capped Warbler, and some flyby Elegant Euphonias. We continued to higher elevation where the pine-oak habitat dominated and new birds rolled in, such as Tufted Flycatcher, Hutton's Vireo, Crescent-chested Warbler, and heard-only White-striped Woodcreeper. We made our way down the mountain for our first taste of seemingly endless good meals at Rancho Zapata, where in between bites of mole, we had close looks another Gray-breasted Woodpecker and a Boucard's Wren visiting a nest site. After lunch, we made our way to the archeological site Yagul. Birding was somewhat slow, but we encountered a close Bridled Sparrow, our first Blue-black Grassquit and a shy pair of Canyon Wrens that reluctantly showed themselves. After another wonderful Oaxacan meal, we made our way back to the hotel where some participants continued the endemic bird hunt by finding the resident Rufous-backed Robins.



Rufous-backed Robin - Photo by Adam Sell

Day 3 - July 20

Today we began our trip up to the highlands of La Cumbre. We started at dawn near a foothill creek and enjoyed watching the avian world come to life with highlights including a confiding flock of Gray Silky-flycatchers, Rose-throated Becard, Greater Pewee, Golden Vireo and an Orange-billed Nightingale-Thrush walking in the open for a change. As the morning progressed, we made our way to higher elevation and the Sendero Cabeza de Vaca. In the cool of the morning we hiked a portion of the trail and enjoyed White-eared Hummingbird, Spotcrowned Woodcreeper, Russet Nightingale-Thrush, Olive Warbler, and Red Warbler. Later, we made our way further into the La Cumbre region and after some work we ran into a small group of Gray-barred Wrens that also included a few Dwarf Jays and some quick but close looks at a pair of Strong-billed Woodcreepers. A few minutes later, as we were heading to another stop, we heard more wrens calling and stumbled upon a flock of over 20 Dwarf Jays and 15 Gray-barred Wrens, both of which were feeding juveniles! We all enjoyed the flock for as long as they were around before heading down to a bridge along a creek crossing where we had our first cooperative Collared Towhee.

Satisfied with our morning, we had on the best meals of our trip at Colibrí Restaurant just north of our location. The food was excellent, as was the house made hot chocolate. Their deck overlooked a scrubby area where we had very close views of **Rufous-capped Brushfinch**, **Dusky-capped Flycatcher**, and **Blue-throated Mountain-gem**. In the evening, we visited some more desert scrub on the western edge of Oaxaca City, where we tried to coax out a **Dwarf Vireo**, but looks were brief. Some participants saw our first **Dusky Hummingbird** and **Thick-billed Kingbirds**. Dinner was at another restaurant named Colibrí, and we enjoyed more examples of Oaxaca's culinary charm.



Dwarf Jay - photo by Adam Sell

Day 4 - July 21

Today was full of twists and turns. Early in the morning, we were told by our driver, Ramón, that the main road to our morning location was currently held up by a roadblock started by one of the communities in the area. We decided to take the detour around the road block, which ended up being over 2 hours long due to all traffic to and from Mexico City being diverted to the same road. We had the full Oaxaca experience, but ultimately made it to our destination! A later start might have led to some birds being missed at Arroyo Guacamaya, but we still added some great birds like Lesser Roadrunner, Plumbeous Vireo, Slate-throated Redstart, Blackheaded Siskin, and more Oaxaca Sparrows. The views from this canyon are some of the best in the region, and it was refreshing to see so much habitat protected. The drive back to our hotel proved just as long, but with the added bonus of getting a flat tire! Our pit stop showed the flexibility of the group, as we continued to look for birds from our newly declared hotspot. Eventually, we made it back to our hotel in time for some rest.

If the day wasn't already long enough, we decided to take up a notch by heading back to the La Cumbre region for some evening owling! We retraced our step from the day before and found ourselves in the heart of the region while the sun was setting. We were serenaded by **Russet Nightingale-thrushes** and a pair of **Brown-backed Solitaires**. A distant **Northern Pygmy-Owl** was calling, and we worked hard for one "chuck" note from a **Mexican Whip-poor-will**, but the star of the evening cooperated. After some light playback, we enjoyed close views of a calling **Fulvous Owl**, with its partner calling farther off down the ridge. Further down in elevation, we tried for other owls, but incoming rain made it difficult, but not before we had one soft-hooting **Flammulated Owl**. Finally back at the hotel, we were nearly asleep before our heads hit the pillow. This day would never have been possible if it weren't for our super-human driver, Ramón. Thank you for your determination!

Day 5 - July 22

We packed up for our travel day in the morning and made our way at sunrise to Monte Albán, a pre-Columbian archeological site located just outside the city. The grounds themselves opened later in the morning, so we enjoyed the trails around the entrance. **Blue Mockingbirds** and **Orange-billed Nightingale-thrushes** were singing everywhere, as well as the occasional **Golden Vireo** and a large morning flight of **House Finches** was noted. Further in we had our first looks at **Northern Beardless Tyrannulet**. After some searching and watching the clock for our time to head into the ruins, we came across our main target for the morning and enjoyed some good but brief looks at a **Slaty Vireo**. Heading into the main site we found a **Streak-backed Oriole** and heard our target **Ocellated Thrasher** but were never able to get conclusive visuals on one. Our time at the site was very enjoyable and the views of the site and panoramic of the city below were stunning.

We began to make the long trek San Jose del Pacifico with a break for lunch midway that included more wonderful food and a displaying **Blue-black Grassquit**. With the day nearly over, we pulled into the Cabañas Puesta del Sol in the highlands of the Sierra Madre del Sur. We barely had time to put our bags down before the birding began in earnest, with stunning views

of **Garnet-throated Hummingbird** by the reception area feeders. The grounds surrounding the cabañas were both beautiful and birdy. We found our way to a flower bank and scrubby area before dinner and quickly picked up **Cinnamon-bellied Flowerpiercer**, **White-throated Flycatcher** and **Slate-throated Redstart**. A **White-collared Swift** passed by low and a **Hooded Yellowthroat** sang and gave skulking views. In time, we found a preferred flowering tree that held a male **Bumblebee Hummingbird**. The restaurant at the hotel proved excellent and we all enjoyed a wonderful meal in the cool of a mountain evening.



Garnet-throated Hummingbird - photo by Adam Sell

Day 6. July 23

Today would be another travel day, but one filled with birding, including a morning on the hotel grounds. We spent the morning hoping for some White-throated Jays, but it wasn't to be. We did enjoy good looks at Rivoli's Hummingbird, Red Crossbills, Chestnut-capped Brushfinch, Spotted Towhee, and Crescent-chested Warbler among many others.

After lunch, we began to make our way down slope to the coast with some targeted stops that included Amethyst-throated Mountain-gem, Common Chlorospingus, Ruddy-capped Nigtingale-Thrush, Golden-browned Warbler, Red-headed Tanager, and Tufted Flycatcher. One stop included a good flower patch that held the hyper-endemic Blue-capped Hummingbird that is localized to the Sierra de Miahuatlán within Oaxaca. Other great birds included a family group of Eye-ringed Flatbills and Golden-crowned Warbler.

We continued our drive downslope to the coastal city of Huatulco, a popular destination for tourists along the Pacific. As we dropped in elevation, we enjoyed watching the habitat change to a more humid forest and ultimately, the dry forest region that is well protected around the city. Even on the drive to the coast, new birds were picked up like **Orange-fronted Parakeet**, **Gray-breasted Martin**, and **Yellow-winged Cacique**. As we unloaded the van at our destination

for the remainder of the tour, some in the group got distracted by the **Rufous-naped Wren** across the street and the **Magnificent Frigatebirds** overhead.

Day 7. July 24

This morning we retraced our steps and started at lower elevation before making our way up to the coffee growing region. We began at Hagia Sofia, a botanical garden in the region. Our morning hike through this lowland dry forest was very birdy and filled with new species for the tour, including Red-billed Pigeon, Squirrel Cuckoo, Cinnamon Hummingbird, Citreoline Trogon, Russet-crowned Motmot, Northern Barred and Ivory-billed Woodcreepers, Masked Tityra, White-throated Magpie-Jay, Happy and Banded Wrens, and Grayish Saltator. Many of the birds represented family groups and it was fun to document breeding success.

On our way to the coffee finca, we made one stop at higher elevation where a noisy band of **Black-headed Saltators** made us aware of some fruiting cecropia. While waiting around the trees, a pair of **Scrub Euphonias** paid a visit. The vista opposite the cecropias gave us a good view to scan for **Wagler's Northern Emerald-Toucanet**, but it would sadly only be marked as heard. However, a roving flock of 20 **Red-legged Honeycreepers** made for good company. An extra stops to continue looking for the toucanet was unsuccessful, but a high-flying **Bat Falcon** was a good addition.

The shade-grown coffee plantation of Oro del Sur made for a marvelous walk before lunch, where it was surprisingly active. A mixed flock at the outset gave near eye-level views of **Redheaded Tanager** and a **Rusty Sparrow** gave fleeting views up the trail. Twice, we were buzzed by a trap-lining **Mexican Hermit**, which fed long enough for the group to see this giant hummingbird. Another **Blue-capped Hummingbird** was a treat, as was the glimpses of a skulking **Gray-breasted Wood-Wren**. Our lunch at the plantation was one of the best of the trip, and included a wonderful sampling of coffee, local chocolate and honey. Even the birding while we enjoyed our mole coloradito was fantastic! We finally had some prolonged views of the endemic **Golden-crowned Emerald** while a group of **White-throated Thrushes** fed on a fruiting ficus.

After purchasing some of the coffee grown on the farm, we made our way back for a small siesta before heading out in the evening to explore a small portion of the Huatulco National Park. A walk on a boardwalk trail gave crushingly close views of **Citreoline Trogon**, a perched juvenile **Roadside Hawk**, and a mixed flock that included **White-lored Gnatcatcher** and **Blue Bunting**. Walking on the main road, we heard the song of a **Red-breasted Chat** and, after some off trail bushwhacking and patient waiting, we all had good views of the singing male before it disappeared again into the brush. With the sun setting we made our way back to the van, but not before finding our first **Nutting's Flycatcher** and enjoying stunning views of a male **Pale-billed Woodpecker**.

Day 8. July 25

We had a very early start to the morning, as we needed to make our way to the isthmus of Tehuantepec by sunrise. It was a long drive, but even a roadside stop for a bathroom break netted us some new birds like the extremely localized endemic Cinnamon-tailed Sparrow and our first Orange-breasted Buntings. Our morning walk at Ojo de Agua was windy, but where we found the trail sheltered from the wind, the birding was excellent. We enjoyed good views of Broad-billed "Doubleday's" Hummingbird, and brief looks at Canivet's Emerald and Greenfronted Hummingbird. While working up a flock with a pygmy owl whistle, we soon had an actual Ferruginous Pygmy-Owl join the mix. Orange-breasted Buntings were numerous but after some patience, at the end of the trail we enjoyed a male Rose-bellied Bunting. Another stop in the region gave us a heard-only Lesser Ground Cuckoo, a soaring Gray Hawk and on the drive out, a beautiful pair of "Masked" Northern Bobwhites! Driving around this region gave us a few new birds including Striped Sparrow, and a Northern Jacana tending to a group of juveniles.

Lunch was an impromptu stop as the planned location was closed, but we ended up having some of the best tacos of the trip, which would become most-wanted fuel for our final stop of the day to search Playa Santa Maria Xadani. On the drive in, we flushed a few Lesser Nighthawks, had our first good look at Tropical Mockingbird and enjoyed another swallow species in Mangrove Swallow. The beach, bay and nearby mudflats were loaded with new birds for the trip. Our first stop held numerous waders including Roseate Spoonbill, Tricolored Heron, Reddish Egret and Little Blue Heron. A lone American White Pelican was a surprise and we saw a good number of **Black Skimmers** resting on a spit with a single **Sandwich Tern**. The clear highlight on the northern shore, was a beautiful juvenile Aplomado Falcon which landed across the bay for great scope views. With Least and Gull-billed Terns flying about, we went to the southern side where mudflats were larger and contained a good concentration of shorebirds. The shorebirds were close and allowed for excellent studies. Highlights include Black-necked Stilt, Black-bellied, Collared, Snowy and Semipalmated Povers, Marbled Godwit, Ruddy Turnstone, Stilt, Western, and Pectoral Sandpipers and Short-billed Dowitcher. On our walk back to the van, the sweet song of a Ruddy-breasted Seedeater led us to great views of a male for our final new bird of the day.



Ferruginous Pygmy-Owl - photo by Adam Sell

Day 9. July 26

The group rejoiced at the prospect of sleeping in a bit, but the excitement for the upcoming day was high, as we planned to venture out to sea this morning! At dawn, we met down at Huatulco's harbor and made our way out. Brown Pelicans and Magnificent Frigatebirds were easy silhouettes in the early morning and were a nice addition to the stunning sunrise. The shelf is not far offshore from Huatulco and we soon were enoying pelagic species such as Wedgerumped, Black and "Chapman's" Leach's Storm-petrels, Galapagos, Pink-footed and Wedgetailed Shearwaters, and few distant birds that escaped identification. We also enjoyed seeing numerous Black Terns and a few booby species, including Masked and Nazca Booby. The weather had been pleasant for the entire trip, so it only seemed appropriate that our only rain would come during the pelagic. We covered our gear and attempted to stay dry, but at some point, it seemed futile. A Brown Booby made a close pass during the rain and eventually decided to rest right next to the boat and ponder our predicament. A few non-avian highlights on the pelagic included a few Green Sea Turtles and close pod of Bottle-nosed Dolphins. We eventually made our way back to land and enjoyed a wonderful beachside seafood meal and, ever-birding, picked up the only Osprey for the trip!

After a well-earned siesta, we made our way back out to the Tangolunda area, which includes the grounds of a golf course. A close **West-Mexican Chachalaca** greeted us and despite the humidity of the evening, the birds were active. We enjoyed a lot of the thorn forest specialties including some new ones like **Colima Pygmy-Owl**, and flyover **Lilac-crowned Parrots**. We also had better views of **the Golden-cheeked Woodpecker** and **Cinnamon Hummingbird**, as well as the rather striking "**Long-crested**" **Northern Cardinal**. After dinner, a few ventured out to search for night birds. We heard **Pacific Screech-Owl** and **Mottled Owl**, and had brief looks at an actively hunting **Ferruginous Pygmy-Owl**.



Wedge-rumped Storm-Petrel - photo by Adam Sell

Day 10. July 27

This was a travel day for some participants, but others had flights out the following morning, so we had a day to continue birding around Huatulco. We made another foray into the national park this morning along Sendero Cruz del Monte, where we had a few more species to find for the trip. It was a humid morning with White-tipped Doves sounding off everywhere, but we managed to find some good birds including a heard-only Collared Forest-Falcon, Flammulated Flycatcher, Olive Sparrow, Altamira Oriole and more Blue Buntings. We then ventured to a more urban park, and continued to find new birds for the trip, with the biggest highlight being great looks at a pair Plain-capped Starthroats. Other highlights include Russet-crowned Motmot, White-lored Gnatcatcher, Rufous-naped and Banded Wrens, Clay-colored Thrush, Blue-gray Tanager, Graysish Saltator, and five species of orioles.

After a relaxing afternoon siesta with time to pack, we made our way towards the Río Copalita area and along the river's edge had some flyby **Neotropic Cormorants**, **Snowy Egrets**, and **Black-bellied Whistling-Ducks**. A newly arrived **Spotted Sandpiper** was a good reminder that migration was already underway. In the woods around the river, we came across a group of 6+ **Citreoline Trogons**, and finally connected with a close **Lineated Woodpecker**. Our final stop for the trip had us waiting for the possibility of some flyby parrots. A **Melodious Blackbird** and a pair of **Pale-billed Woodpeckers** kept us entertained until we saw some flyby parrots and ultimately found a distant group of **Lilac-crowned Parrots** roosting and had great scope views. It was nice to finally seem them perched. Our final checklist and dinner was had, and we enjoyed a final tally of our total species and endemics, reliving what had been a fantastic trip.

It was a joy to travel with you all on our inaugural trip to Oaxaca, Mexico and I cannot wait to return. I look forward to travelling with you all again soon. Until next time!



BIRD LIST. 276 species, including 14 heard only, 7 leader only and 37 endemics. Checklist follows Clements/eBird list, 2019 update. Ext. = Extension only (7/27/21); H = Heard only; L = Tour leader only; * = Endemic. Important subspecies groups in parentheses. Birdlife International threatened status: CR = Critically endangered; EN = Endangered; VU = Vulnerable; NT = Near-threatened.

Ducks, Geese, and Waterfowl (Anatidae)

Black-bellied Whistling-Duck Dendrocygna autumnalis

Guans, Chachalacas, and Curassows (Cracidae)

West Mexican Chachalaca* Ortalis poliocephala

New World Quail (Odontophoridae)

Northern Bobwhite (Masked) (NT) Colinus virginianus

Grebes (Podicipedidae)

Least Grebe Tachybaptus dominicus

Pigeons and Doves (Columbidae)

Rock Pigeon Columba livia

Red-billed Pigeon Patagioenas flavirostris
Band-tailed Pigeon Patagioenas fasciata
Eurasian Collared-Dove Streptopelia decaocto
Inca Dove Columbina inca

Inca DoveColumbina incaCommon Ground DoveColumbina passerinaRuddy Ground Dove (L)Columbina talpacotiWhite-tipped DoveLeptotila verreauxiWhite-winged DoveZenaida asiatica

Cuckoos (Cuculidae)

Mourning Dove

Groove-billed Ani Crotophaga sulcirostris
Lesser Ground-Cuckoo (H) Morococcyx erythropygus

Lesser Roadrunner Geococcyx velox Squirrel Cuckoo Piaya cayana

Nightjars and Allies (Caprimulgidae)

Lesser Nighthawk

Common Nighthawk

Chordeiles acutipennis

Chordeiles minor

Chordeiles minor

Nyctidromus albicollis

Mexican Whip-poor-will (H)

Antrostomus arizonae

Zenaida macroura

Swifts (Apodidae)

Black Swift - VU Cypseloides niger
Chestnut-collared Swift Streptoprocne rutila
White-collared Swift Streptoprocne zonaris
Vaux's Swift Chaetura vauxi

Hummingbirds (Trochilidae)

Mexican Hermit* Phaethornis mexicanus Rivoli's Hummingbird Eugenes fulgens Plain-capped Starthroat Heliomaster constantii Amethyst-throated Mountain-gem Lampornis amethystinus Blue-throated Mountain-gem Lampornis clemenciae Garnet-throated Hummingbird Lamprolaima rhami Bumblebee Hummingbird* Atthis heloisa Golden-crowned Emerald* Chlorostilbon auriceps Canivet's Emerald Chlorostilbon canivetii Dusky Hummingbird* Cynanthus sordidus Broad-billed Hummingbird (Doubleday's) Cynanthus latirostris Blue-capped Hummingbird* (EN) Eupherusa cyanophrys Berylline Hummingbird Amazilia beryllina Cinnamon Hummingbird Amazilia rutila

Stilts and Avocets (Recurvirostridae)

Green-fronted Hummingbird

White-eared Hummingbird

Black-necked Stilt Himantopus mexicanus
American Avocet Recurvirostra americana

Amazilia viridifrons

Hylocharis leucotis

Plovers and Lapwings (Charadriidae)

Black-bellied Plover

Collared Plover

Snowy Plover (NT)

Semipalmated Plover

Killdeer

Pluvialis squatarola

Charadrius collaris

Charadrius nivosus

Charadrius semipalmatus

Charadrius vociferus

Jacanas (Jacanidae)

Northern Jacana Jacana spinosa

Sandpipers and Allies (Scolopacidae)

Whimbrel Numenius phaeopus
Marbled Godwit Limosa fedoa
Ruddy Turnstone Arenaria interpres
Stilt Sandpiper Calidris himantopus
Least Sandpiper Calidris minutilla

Pectoral Sandpiper Calidris melanotos Western Sandpiper Calidris mauri

Short-billed Dowitcher

Spotted Sandpiper

Greater Yellowlegs

Willet

Limnodromus griseus

Actitis macularius

Tringa melanoleuca

Tringa semipalmata

Lesser Yellowlegs

Tringa flavipes

Gulls, Terns, and Skimmers (Laridae)

Laughing Gull
Bridled Tern (L)
Conychoprion anaethetus
Least Tern
Sternula antillarum
Gull-billed Tern
Black Tern
Chlidonias niger
Royal Tern
Thalasseus maximus
Sandwich Tern
Thalasseus sandvicensis

Black Skimmer Rynchops niger

Northern Storm-Petrels (Hydrobatidae)

Leach's Storm-Petrel (VU)Oceanodroma leucorhoaWedge-rumped Storm-PetrelOceanodroma tethysBlack Storm-PetrelOceanodroma melania

Shearwaters and Petrels (Procellariidae)

Pink-footed Shearwater (VU)

Wedge-tailed Shearwater

Galapagos Shearwater

Ardenna pacifica

Puffinus subalaris

Frigatebirds (Fregatidae)

Magnificent Frigatebird Fregata magnificens

Boobies and Gannets (Sulidae)

Masked Booby Sula dactylatra Nazca Booby Sula granti

Masked/Nazca Booby Sula dactylatra/granti
Brown Booby Sula leucogaster

Cormorants and Shags (Phalacrocoracidae)

Neotropic Cormorant Phalacrocorax brasilianus

Pelicans (Pelecanidae)

American White Pelican Pelecanus erythrorhynchos
Brown Pelican Pelecanus occidentalis

Herons, Egrets, and Bitterns (Ardeidae)

Great Egret

Snowy Egret

Egretta thula

Little Blue Heron

Tricolored Heron

Reddish Egret (NT)

Cattle Egret

Green Heron

Egretta tricolor

Ibises and Spoonbills (Threskiornithidae)

White Ibis Eudocimus albus
Roseate Spoonbill Platalea ajaja

New World Vultures (Cathartidae)

Black Vulture Coragyps atratus
Turkey Vulture Cathartes aura

Osprey (Pandionidae)

Osprey Pandion haliaetus

Hawks, Eagles, and Kites (Accipitridae)

White-tailed Kite Elanus leucurus
Sharp-shinned Hawk Accipiter striatus
Cooper's Hawk Accipiter cooperii
Roadside Hawk Rupornis magnirostris
White-tailed Hawk Geranoaetus albicaudatus

Gray Hawk Buteo plagiatus
Short-tailed Hawk Buteo brachyurus
Red-tailed Hawk Buteo jamaicensis

Owls (Strigidae)

Flammulated Owl (H)

Pacific Screech-Owl (H)

Northern Pygmy-Owl (H)

Colima Pygmy-Owl*

Ferruginous Pygmy-Owl

Psiloscops flammeolus

Megascops cooperi

Glaucidium gnoma

Glaucidium palmarum

Glaucidium brasilianum

Mottled Owl (H) Ciccaba virgata
Fulvous Owl Strix fulvescens

Trogons (Trogonidae)

Citreoline Trogon* Trogon citreolus

Mountain Trogon Trogon mexicanus

Collared Trogon Trogon collaris

Motmots (Momotidae)

Russet-crowned Motmot Momotus mexicanus

Kingfishers (Alcedinidae)

Green Kingfisher Chloroceryle americana

Toucans (Ramphastidae)

Northern Emerald-Toucanet (Wagler's) (H) Aulacorhynchus prasinus

Woodpeckers (Picidae)

Acorn Woodpecker

Golden-cheeked Woodpecker*

Gray-breasted Woodpecker*

Golden-fronted Woodpecker

Ladder-backed Woodpecker

Hairy Woodpecker (South Mexican)

Melanerpes formicivorus

Melanerpes chrysogenys

Melanerpes hypopolius

Melanerpes aurifrons

Dryobates scalaris

Pale-billed Woodpecker Campephilus guatemalensis

Lineated Woodpecker Dryocopus lineatus
Northern Flicker Colaptes auratus

Falcons and Caracaras (Falconidae)

Collared Forest-Falcon (H) Micrastur semitorquatus
Crested Caracara Caracara cheriway

Laughing Falcon (H) Herpetotheres cachinnans

Aplomado Falcon Falco femoralis
Bat Falcon Falco rufigularis
Peregrine Falcon Falco peregrinus

New World and African Parrots (Psittacidae)

Lilac-crowned Parrot* - EN

Yellow-headed Parrot - EN

White-fronted Parrot

Orange-fronted Parakeet - VU

Green Parakeet

Amazona oratrix

Amazona albifrons

Eupsittula canicularis

Psittacara holochlorus

Ovenbirds and Woodcreepers (Furnariidae)

Northern Barred-Woodcreeper Dendrocolaptes sanctithomae
Strong-billed Woodcreeper Xiphocolaptes promeropirhynchus
Ivory-billed Woodcreeper Xiphorhynchus flavigaster
White-striped Woodcreeper* (H) Lepidocolaptes leucogaster

Spot-crowned Woodcreeper Lepidocolaptes affinis

Tityras and Allies (Tityridae)

Masked Tityra Semifasciata
Rose-throated Becard Pachyramphus aglaiae

Tyrant Flycatchers (Tyrannidae)

Eye-ringed Flatbill Rhynchocyclus brevirostris
Northern Beardless-Tyrannulet Camptostoma imberbe
Greenish Elaenia Myiopagis viridicata
Pileated Flycatcher* Xenotriccus mexicanus
Tufted Flycatcher (Mexican) Mitrephanes phaeocercus

Greater Pewee Contopus pertinax Western Wood-Pewee Contopus sordidulus White-throated Flycatcher Empidonax albigularis Cordilleran Flycatcher Empidonax occidentalis Black Phoebe (L) Sayornis nigricans Vermilion Flycatcher Pyrocephalus rubinus Myiarchus tuberculifer **Dusky-capped Flycatcher** Nutting's Flycatcher Myiarchus nuttingi

Flammulated Flycatcher* Deltarhynchus flammulatus

Great Kiskadee Pitangus sulphuratus
Boat-billed Flycatcher Megarynchus pitangua
Social Flycatcher Myiozetetes similis

Sulphur-bellied Flycatcher

Tropical Kingbird

Cassin's Kingbird

Tyrannus melancholicus

Tyrannus vociferans

Thick-billed Kingbird

Tyrannus crassirostris

Vireos, Shrike-Babblers, and Erpornis (Vireonidae)

Chestnut-sided Shrike-Vireo* (H) Vireolanius melitophrys Golden Vireo* Vireo hypochryseus Slaty Vireo* Vireo brevipennis Dwarf Vireo* Vireo nelsoni **Hutton's Vireo** Vireo huttoni Plumbeous Vireo Vireo plumbeus Warbling Vireo Vireo gilvus Yellow-green Vireo Vireo flavoviridis

Shrikes (Laniidae)

Loggerhead Shrike (NT)

Lanius ludovicianus

Crows, Jays, and Magpies (Corvidae)

Dwarf Jay* (NT)

White-throated Magpie-Jay

Green Jay (L)

Steller's Jay

Cyanocitta formosa

Cyanocorax yncas

Cyanocitta stelleri

Corvus corax

Tits, Chickadees, and Titmice (Paridae)

Mexican Chickadee Poecile sclateri

Bridled Titmouse Baeolophus wollweberi

Swallows (Hirundinidae)

Northern Rough-winged Swallow Stelgidopteryx serripennis

Gray-breasted Martin Progne chalybea
Mangrove Swallow Tachycineta albilinea
Violet-green Swallow Tachycineta thalassina

Barn Swallow Hirundo rustica

Cliff Swallow Petrochelidon pyrrhonota

Long-tailed Tits (Aegithalidae)

Bushtit Psaltriparus minimus

Kinglets (Regulidae)

Golden-crowned Kinglet (H) Regulus satrapa

Nuthatches (Sittidae)

White-breasted Nuthatch Sitta carolinensis

Treecreepers (Certhiidae)

Brown Creeper Certhia americana

Gnatcatchers (Polioptilidae)

White-lored Gnatcatcher Polioptila albiloris

Wrens (Troglodytidae)

Rock Wren Salpinctes obsoletus
Canyon Wren Catherpes mexicanus
House Wren Troglodytes aedon
Bewick's Wren (West Mexican) Thryomanes bewickii

Gray-barred Wren*

Rufous-naped Wren (Sclater's)

Boucard's Wren*

Campylorhynchus rufinucha
Campylorhynchus jocosus

Happy Wren* Pheugopedius felix

Banded Wren Thryophilus pleurostictus

Gray-breasted Wood-Wren (Central

American) Henicorhina leucophrys

Mockingbirds and Thrashers (Mimidae)

Blue Mockingbird* Melanotis caerulescens
Curve-billed Thrasher Toxostoma curvirostre
Ocellated Thrasher* (H) Toxostoma ocellatum

Tropical Mockingbird Mimus gilvus
Northern Mockingbird Mimus polyglottos

Thrushes and Allies (Turdidae)

Brown-backed Solitaire Myadestes occidentalis Orange-billed Nightingale-Thrush Catharus aurantiirostris Russet Nightingale-Thrush* Catharus occidentalis Ruddy-capped Nightingale-Thrush Catharus frantzii White-throated Thrush Turdus assimilis Clay-colored Thrush Turdus grayi American Robin Turdus migratorius Rufous-backed Robin* Turdus rufopalliatus

Silky-flycatchers (Ptiliogonatidae)

Gray Silky-flycatcher Ptiliogonys cinereus

Olive Warbler (Peucedramidae)

Olive Warbler Peucedramus taeniatus

Old World Sparrows (Passeridae)

House Sparrow Passer domesticus

Finches, Euphonias, and Allies (Fringillidae)

Scrub Euphonia Euphonia Euphonia affinis
Elegant Euphonia Euphonia elegantissima
House Finch Haemorhous mexicanus

Red CrossbillLoxia curvirostraBlack-headed SiskinSpinus notatusLesser GoldfinchSpinus psaltria

New World Sparrows (Passerellidae)

Common Chlorospingus (Southwest Mexico) Chlorospingus flavopectus

Cinnamon-tailed Sparrow* (NT)

Stripe-headed Sparrow

Bridled Sparrow*

Olive Sparrow

Peucaea sumichrasti

Peucaea ruficauda

Peucaea mystacalis

Arremonops rufivirgatus

Chestnut-capped Brushfinch

Yellow-eyed Junco

Yellow-eyed Junco

Yellow-eyed Junco Junco phaeonotus

White-throated Towhee Melozone albicollis
Rusty Sparrow
Rufous-crowned Sparrow (H) (L)
Aimonhila ruficens

Rufous-crowned Sparrow (H) (L)

Oaxaca Sparrow*

Aimophila ruficeps

Aimophila notosticta

Spotted Towhee

Pipilo maculatus

Collared Towhee* Pipilo ocai

Rufous-capped Brushfinch*

Atlapetes pileatus

Troupials and Allies (Icteridae)

Eastern Meadowlark (NT) Sturnella magna

Yellow-winged Cacique Cassiculus melanicterus

Black-vented Oriole Icterus wagleri
Orchard Oriole Icterus spurius

Streak-backed Oriole

Spot-breasted Oriole

Altamira Oriole

Icterus pustulatus
Icterus pectoralis
Icterus gularis

Audubon's Oriole (Dickey's)

Red-winged Blackbird

Bronzed Cowbird

Brown-headed Cowbird

Melodious Blackbird

Agelaius phoeniceus

Molothrus aeneus

Molothrus ater

Dives dives

Great-tailed Grackle Quiscalus mexicanus

New World Warblers (Parulidae)

Crescent-chested Warbler

Hooded Yellowthroat

Rufous-capped Warbler

Golden-browed Warbler

Golden-crowned Warbler

Red Warbler*

Greethlypis superciliosa

Geothlypis nelsoni

Basileuterus rufifrons

Basileuterus belli

Basileuterus culicivorus

Cardelling ruhra

Red Warbler*

Painted Redstart

Slate-throated Redstart

Cardellina rubra

Myioborus pictus

Myioborus miniatus

Cardinals and Allies (Cardinalidae)

Hepatic Tanager Piranga flava

Red-headed Tanager* Piranga erythrocephala
Northern Cardinal (Long-crested) Cardinalis cardinalis

Black-headed Grosbeak Pheucticus melanocephalus

Red-breasted Chat*

Blue Bunting

Cyanocompsa parellina

Blue Grosbeak

Passerina caerulea

Passerina rositae

Rose-bellied Bunting* NT Passerina rositae
Orange-breasted Bunting* Passerina leclancherii

Tanagers and Allies (Thraupidae)

Blue-gray Tanager Thraupis episcopus
Red-legged Honeycreeper Cyanerpes cyaneus
Cinnamon-bellied Flowerpiercer Diglossa baritula

Blue-black Grassquit

Volatinia jacarina

Ruddy-breasted Seedeater Sporophila minuta
Cinnamon-rumped Seedeater* Sporophila torqueola

Yellow-faced Grassquit (L) Tiaris olivaceus
Black-headed Saltator Saltator atriceps

Grayish Saltator

Saltator coerulescens

The group enjoying a singing Collared Towhee (endemic to Mexico) in the beautiful pine-oak highlands of the La Cumbre region

